एक छात्र की मृत्यु

@@3591-ख. **श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय:** क्या स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार को, 9 सितम्बर, 1987 को गंगाराम अस्पताल में एक छात्र (सुमंतशाह) की मृत्यु हो जाने के संबंध में कोई शिकायत प्राप्त हुई है, जिसमें कहा गया है कि उसकी मृत्यु सफदरजंग अस्पताल में उसके उपचार में चिकित्सकों द्वारा की गई लापरवाही और उपेक्षा के कारण हुई ; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है और क्या इस मामले की जांच की जा रही है ?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (कुमारी सरोज खापर्डे): (क) और (ख) श्री सुमन्त शाह चावला दुर्घटना-ग्रस्त हुए थे और उन्हें 9 सितम्बर, 1987 को 10 बजे अपराह्न सफदरजंग अस्पताल में लाया गया था । वे सफदरजंग अस्पताल में 9 सितम्बर, 1987 को 10.45 अपराह्न तक रहे थे और उनका इलाज किया गया था । लेकिन श्री सुमन्त शाह चावला के रिश्तेदारों ने रोगी को 23.00 बजे श्री गंगा राम अस्पताल में स्थानान्तरित कर दिया । श्री गंगा राम अस्पताल में इलाज के बावजूद श्री चावला की 10 सितम्बर, 1987 को 0755 बजे मृत्यु हो गई ।

Impact of Crime Films on the Adolescents

3591-C. SHRI SURENDRA SINGH THAKUR; Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government had recently conducted any survey or study regarding the impact of films displaying crime on the adolescents;

@@**पूर्वतः अतारांकित प्रश्न 3229, 8 दिसम्बर, 1987 से स्थानान्तरित ।**

@@©Previously Unstarred Question 3756, transferred from the llth December, 1987.

(b) if the reply to part (a) above be in the affirmative; what are the findings of such survey or study;

(c) whether it has come to the notice of Government that among the adolescents are on the increase due to the impact of films displaying crimes;

(d) if the reply *to* part (c) above bein the affirmative, what steps have been fa-ken by Government to check the exhibition of crime films; and

(e) what are the norms set by Government for clearance of crime films?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAHI); (a) An All India Survey on "Film Censors—Viewers Reaction" was conducted by the Indian Institute of Mass Communication at the instance of Central Board of Film Certification over the period 1971—87.

(b) and (c) The majority of viewers of the country interviewed were of the view that crime as the main theme in some films has produced criminal tendencies among viewers.

(d) and (e) Under the power given to the Central Government vide Section SB (2) of the Cinematograph Act, 1952, Central Government has issued guidelines setting oin the principles for granting certificates to the films for public exhibition. As per guideline 1(a), the objective of film censorship is to ensure that the medium of film remains responsible and sensitive to the values and standards of society. As per the guidelines (2), the Board of Film Censors is to ensure that:

(i) anti social activities such as violence are not glorified or justified;

(ii) the modus operandi of criminals Or other visuals or words likely to incite the commission of any offence are not depicted;

(iii) pointless or avoidable scenes of violence, cruelty and horror are not shown;

(iii-a) scenes which have the effect of justifying or glorifying drinking are not shown;

(iv) human sensibilites are not offended by vulgarity, obscenity and depravity etc.

The above guidelines are adequate to check the exhibition of crime films which are not responsible and sensitive to the values and standards of the society.

12-00 Noon

REFERENCE TO THE SIGNING OF THE INTERMEDIATE-RANGE NUCLEAR FORCES (INF) AGREEMENT BETWEEN PRESIDENT RONALD REAGAN OF THE U.S-A. AND THE GENERAL SECRETARY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE U.S.S.R. MR. MIKHAL GORBACHOV AT WASHINGTON ON DECEMBER 8, 1987

MR. CHAIRMAN: As the hon. Mem bers , the United States and the Soviet Union have signed yester day a treaty to eliminate medium range nuclear weapons from Europe. It is a historic agreement and we hail it as a major step towards achieving the goal of ridding the world of the meanace of nuclear holocaust. I hope Members will join me in extending to the President of the United States, Mr. Ronald Reagan, and the Soviet leader, Mr. Mikhail Gorbachov, our sincere and hearty felicitations for taking such an important and far-reaching step in the interest of world peace. Truly this occasion is a matter of jubilation in as much as it is a stepping stone towards construc tive relations between the two super powers and eventual nuclear disarma ment. There is no doubt that if such constructive efforts continue the world will be a better and a more peaceful place to live in. We acclaim this event of the signing of the treaty and join the rest of the mankind in urging upon the super powers not to rest content with this Treaty, but relentlessly pursue the final goal of achieving total disarmament and elimination of nuclear warheads. We trust, given goodwill and cooperation and conducive atmosphere, the goal will not be far away to be reached.

SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA (Andhra Pradesh): Sir, Mr. Gorbar chov's name should come before Mr. Reagan, because he is mainly responsible for the Treaty.

SHRI DIPEN GHOSH (West Bengal): Sir, the order has to be changed because the initiative was that of Mr. Gorbochov.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The reason why I named Reagan first was that the agreement was reached on the soil of? the United States. So, don't have that argument now, please.

STATEMENT BY MINISTER

Correcting the reply given in the Rajya Sabha on the 30th November, 1987 to Unstarred Question 2359, regarding Committee to look into the import of Anti-TB drug intermediates

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH): Sir, I beg to lay on the Table a statement (in English and Hindi) correcting the reply given in the Rajya Sabha on the 30th November, 1987, to Unstarred Question 2359, regarding Committee to look into the import of Anti TB drug intermediates. [Placed in Library. *See* No. LT-5250/87].

SHRI N. E. BALARAM (Kerala): Sir, during this session this is the fifth time the Ministers are correcting their answers. So, when they are giving answers to the Members' ques-